ORDINANCE NO. 20-XX

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF MARCO ISLAND, FLORIDA AMENDING THE CITY OF MARCO ISLAND CODE OF ORDINANCES BY AMENDING CHAPTER 54, "WATERWAYS AND BEACHES," ARTICLE V, "SEA TURTLE PROTECTION," TO PROVIDE REGULATIONS CONCERNING LIGHTING FOR BUILDINGS CLOSE TO THE BEACHES NECESSARY TO PROTECT SEA TURTLE NESTING HABITATS FROM ARTIFICIAL LIGHT; TO PROVIDE REGULATIONS RESTRICTING THE PLACEMENT OF BEACH FURNITURE IN THE VICINITY OF SEA TURTLE NESTING HABITATS; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, Article VIII of the State Constitution and Chapter 166, Florida Statutes, provide that municipalities shall have the governmental, corporate, and proprietary powers to enable them to conduct municipal government, perform municipal functions, and render municipal services, and may exercise any power for municipal purposes, except when expressly prohibited by law; and

WHEREAS, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 13-05 on February 4, 2013 to adopt regulations to protect threatened and endangered sea turtles that nest along the beaches of Marco Island by safeguarding sea turtles from sources of artificial light and prohibiting the injury or harassment of adult sea turtles, hatchlings, nests, and eggs; and

WHEREAS, as a result of improvements to materials used to provide artificial lighting, the City Council desires to amend the existing sea turtle artificial lighting regulations further; and

WHEREAS, the City Council, in order to further protect sea turtles finds that it is necessary and appropriate to adopt new requirements requiring an approved lighting plan prior to the issuance of a development order or building permit for all new structures, as well as all multifamily, commercial, and industrial structures, new construction and improvements to existing structures landward of the Coastal Construction Control Line as defined by Section 161.053, Fla.Stat.; and

WHEREAS, the City Council, in order to further protect sea turtles finds that it is necessary and appropriate to adopt regulations related to lighting of outdoor areas, parking areas, pool areas, pier structures, dune walkovers, special events, and construction taking place on , or adjacent to the beach; and

WHEREAS, the City Council, in order to protect sea turtles finds that it is necessary and appropriate to adopt regulations prohibiting the placement of beach furniture in the vicinity of sea turtle nesting habitat, and to further regulate the practice of beach raking during the sea turtle

nesting season; and

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WHEREAS, the City Council finds that this Ordinance serves a municipal and public purpose, and is in the best interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the citizens and residents of the City of Marco Island.

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NOW, THEREFOR, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY **OF MARCO ISLAND:**

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Section 1. Recitals.

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The foregoing "WHEREAS" clauses are true and correct and reflective of the legislative intent underlying this Ordinance and are hereby ratified and made a specific part of this Ordinance.

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Section 2. Chapter 54, "Waterways and Beaches," of the City Code of Ordinances is Amended.

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That Chapter 54, "Waterways and Beaches," Article V, "Sea Turtle Protection," of the City of Marco Island Code of Ordinances be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

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Chapter 54

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Article V. SEA TURTLE PROTECTION

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Sec. 54-141. Purpose and intent.

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sea turtles that nest along the beaches of Marco Island by safeguarding sea turtles from sources of artificial light, and prohibiting the injury or harassment of adult sea turtles, hatchlings, nests and eggs. The city will work in concert with applicable county, state and federal guidelines for the protection of sea turtles.

The purpose of this Article is to protect nesting and hatchling sea turtles on the beaches in

the City of Marco Island (City) by ensuring that their nesting habitat is not degraded by

artificial light. The objective of the Article is to ensure artificial light does not interfere

with sea turtle nesting and hatching events through the appropriate design and

implementation of coastal lighting systems. In order to further the objective of full

implementation, this Article also includes provisions designed to educate residents and

beach users in the City on the benefits of appropriate coastal lighting and provides for

The purpose of this ordinance is to enhance the protection of threatened and endangered

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Sec. 54-142. Applicability.

weekly inspections to ensure compliance with the acceptable lighting standards.

For the purposes of this ordinance, the beaches of Marco Island shall be designated as those sandy areas facing the Gulf of Mexico, including Coconut Islan, the dynamic sand bars and offshore islands that form within the City's incorporated limits, and the inlet shorelines commencing at Caxambas Pass to the south and end on Hideaway Beach to the north at Collier Creek.

The provision of this Article shall apply to all properties within the City that may produce artificial light directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any portion of the beach, regardless of whether those properties are beachfront properties; and to all buildings and related infrastructure, including landscaping, as well as all other activities that may adversely impact sea turtles.

Sec. 54-143. Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

Artificial Light means the light emanating from any human-made device.

Beach means the zone of unconsolidated material that extends landward from the mean low water line to the place where there is marked change in material or physiographic form, or to the line of permanent vegetation. Beach means the sand portion of land lying seaward of a seawall or line of permanent vegetation and landward of the mean highwater line.

<u>Cumulatively Visible</u> means light from numerous artificial light sources on a single property that as a group are directly or indirectly visible to an observer standing anywhere on the beach.

<u>Directly Visible</u> means visibility of the glowing elements, lamps, globes, or reflectors of an artificial light source by an observer standing anywhere on the beach.

<u>Disorientation</u> means an event caused by direct, indirect, or cumulative artificial lighting on sea turtle nesting habitat resulting in the disruption in the ability of nesting sea turtle females and sea turtle hatchlings to find the sea from the beach.

False Crawl- Sea turtles leave the security of the ocean and crawl up onto Florida beaches at night during the summer to dig a hole and lay their eggs. Sometimes they crawl back to the water without digging a nest and without laying eggs. This is called a "false crawl."

129 Foot Candle means the English unit for measuring illuminance; the uniform illumination 130 of a surface one foot away from a point source of one candela; one lumen per square foot; 131 132 equal to 10.76 lux. 133 Frontal Dune means the first natural or man-made mound or bluff of sand which is 134 located landward of the beach and which has sufficient vegetation, height, continuity, and 135 configuration to offer protective value. 136 137 Full Cutoff means a lighting fixture constructed in such a manner that no light emitted by 138 the fixture, either directly from the lamp or a diffusing element or indirectly by reflection 139 or refraction from any part of the luminaire, is projected at or above 90° as determined by 140 photometric test or certified by the manufacturer. 141 142 143 Fully Shielded means a lighting fixture constructed in such a manner that the glowing elements, lamps, globes, or reflectors of the fixture are completely covered by an opaque 144 material to prevent them from being directly visible from the beach. Any structural part 145 of the light fixture providing this shielding must be permanently affixed. 146 147 Handheld Devices include any portable device that can be carried and held in one's palm. 148 A handheld can be any computing or electronic device that is compact and portable 149 enough to be held and used in one or both hands. A handheld may contain cellular 150 communication, but this category can also include other computing devices. 151 152 *Hatchling* is a reptile, young bird, or fish recently emerged from an egg. 153 154 Indirectly Visible means visibility of reflected light as a result of glowing elements, 155 lamps, globes, or reflectors of an artificial light source which is visible to an observer 156 standing anywhere on the beach without the light source being directly visible. 157 158 Lighting Plan means plan view and cross section drawings describing location, number, 159 wattage, wavelength, elevation, orientation, fixture cut sheets, and all types of proposed 160 exterior artificial light sources, including, but not limited to, artificial lighting affixed to 161 permanent structures, outdoor lighting, pool lighting, and internally or externally lighted 162 signs. 163 164 Long Wavelength means a luminaire emitting light wavelengths of 560 nanometers or 165 greater and absent wavelengths below 560 nanometers. Lamps that meet the definition of 166 Long Wavelength through the use of filters, gels, or lenses are not permitted. 167 168

169	Nesting Season means the nesting period for sea turtles is from May 1 through October
170	31 of each year. Nesting season may be extended before or after these dates on an annual
171	basis based on nesting activity observed in the City of Marco Island.
172	
173	Sea turtle nesting and hatching season means May 1 through October 31 yearly.
174 175	<i>Nighttime</i> means the locally effective time period between sunset and sunrise.
176	
177	Non-egress Lighting means lighting that is not being used to light a distinct path or meet
178	minimum requirements for emergency egress, including but not limited to decorative
179	lights (e.g. Christmas lights, strobe lights, string lights, etc.), balcony lights, ceiling fan
180	lights, landscape lights, and uplights.
181	
182	Outdoor Area means any portion of a property that could have an artificial light source
183	not attached to a permanent structure, including but not limited to pathway lighting,
184	landscape lighting, pool lighting, etc.
185	
186	Photometry is the science of the measurement of light, in terms of its perceived
187	brightness to the human eye. It is distinct from radiometry, which is the science of
188	measurement of radiant energy (including light) in terms of absolute power.
189	
190	Pier Structures are a platform or similar structure supported on pillars or girders, or
191	similar system, leading out from the shore into a body of water, used as a landing stage
192	for boats, for fishing, observation or other nautical purposes.
193	
194	Sea Turtle means any turtle, including all life stages from egg to adult, of these species:
195	Green (Chelonia mydas), Leatherback (Dermochelys coriacea), Loggerhead (Caretta
196	caretta), Hawksbill (Eretmochelys imbricata), and Kemp's Ridley (Lepidochelys kempi).
197	For the purposes of this ordinance, the term sea turtle is synonymous with marine turtle.
198	
199	Sea Turtle Nesting Habitat means all sandy beaches adjoining the waters of the Atlantic
200	Ocean, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Straits of Florida in all coastal counties and all inlet
201	shorelines of those beaches. Nesting habitat includes all sandy beach and unvegetated or
202	vegetated dunes immediately adjacent to the sandy beach and accessible to nesting
203	female turtles.
204	
205	Special Event is an event such as a beach activity, sports, religious, and community event,
206	or other similar events that requires preparation, planning, and municipal resources, and
207	may require public area or roadway closures, and often a city Permit.
208	

Take means an act that actually kills or injures marine turtles and includes significant habitat modification or degradation that kills or injures marine turtles by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, such as breeding, feeding, or sheltering. Take or taking means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture or collect or an attempt to engage in any such conduct.

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Temporary Lighting means any non-permanent light source that may be hand-held or portable including but not limited to tiki torches, lanterns, flashlights (including cell phone flashlights), candles, flash photography, etc.

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<u>Tinted glass means glass modified via tinting, film, or other material to reduce the inside to outside light transmittance value to 15%.</u>

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Sec. 54. 144. Annual Public Notice

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At least thirty (30) days prior to the commencement of every sea turtle nesting season, the City of Marco Island shall provide written notice summarizing the provisions contained in this Article to each property adjacent to the beach.

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Sec. 54-144. New Development.

of the primary dune.

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Lighting associated with any construction or development activity that is within 300 feet of the line of mean high water, or if there are any light sources or any reflective surfaces illuminated by such sources that will be visible from the beach, such lighting shall be in compliance with Ordinance 99-7 and the following:

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1. Outdoor lighting shall be the minimum necessary for security and safety.

234 235 Floodlights and landscape or accent lighting shall be prohibited.

2. All lighting including wall-mounted fixtures, pole lighting, lights on balconies,

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and any other type of lighting not specifically referenced by this section, shall be of low intensity and shall be fitted with hoods or positioned so that the light sources or any reflective surface illuminated by such sources are not visible from the beach.

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3. Low profile luminaries shall be used in parking lots and such lighting shall be fitted with hoods or positioned so that the light sources or any reflective surfaces

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illuminated by such sources do not create shadows on the beach.

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4. Dune crosswalks shall utilize low profile shielded luminaries directed and positioned so that light sources or any reflective surfaces illuminated by such sources are not visible from the beach. Dune crossover lighting shall be limited to the area landward

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5. Windows that are visible from the beach shall be tinted or glazed to achieve an industry approved light transmittance value of 45 percent or less. Such transmittance

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shall be limited to the visible spectrum (400 to 700 nanometers) and shall be measured as

249	the percentage of light that is transmitted through the glass, inside to outside.
250	6. Temporary security lights at construction sites shall not be mounted more than 15
251	feet above the ground. Light sources or any reflective surfaces illuminated by such
252	sources shall not be visible from the beach.
253	
254	Sec. 54-145. Existing Development.
255	For existing development permitted prior to January 1, 1994, those existing structures
256	with any light sources or reflective surfaces illuminated by such sources that are visible
257	from the beach, shall be in compliance with Ordinance 99-7, and the following:
258	
259	1. All exterior lights shall be turned off after 9:00 p.m. between May 1 and October
260	31, of each year, or fitted with a hood or positioned so that the light sources or any
261	reflective surfaces illuminated by such sources are not be visible from the beach.
262	2. Lights illuminating dune crosswalks shall be turned off after 9:00 p.m. between
263	May 1 and October 31, of each year, and must be modified to conform to the
264	requirements for new development in accordance with this ordinance.
265	3. When high intensity lighting is required for security or emergency exit lighting,
266	then low-pressure sodium vapor luminaries shall be used and fitted with a hood or
267	positioned so that the light sources or any reflective surfaces illuminated by such sources
268	are not be visible for the beach. Required lighting shall be consistent with provisions in
269	the Fire Prevention and Protection Ordinance, 98-08, as amended.
270	
271	To reduce or eliminate the negative effects of interior light emanating from doors or
272	windows within line of sight of the beach, one of the following actions shall be taken
273	during sea turtle nesting season:
274	
275	a) Windows shall be tinted or glazed to achieve an industry approved light
276	transmittance value of 45 percent or less; or
277	b) Window treatments such as blinds or curtains shall be used to prevent
278	interior light from emanating outside; or
279	c) Lighting sources such as lamps shall be relocated away from windows,
280	and turned off after 9:00 p.m.
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282	Sec. 54-146. Publicly owned lighting.
283	Publicly owned lighting with light sources that are visible from the beach or that
284	illuminate reflective surfaces that are visible from the beach, should be fitted with a hood
285	or re-positioned to minimize or eliminate any adverse effects.
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Improvements to Existing Structures

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Sec. 54-145. Exterior Lighting Affixed to New Structures, New Construction, and

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290	(a) All artificial lighting affixed to the exterior of new permanent structures, construction
291	or additions shall be long wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff, fully shielded and
292	mounted as close to the ground or finished floor surface as possible to achieve the
293	required foot-candles.
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295	(b) All non-egress lighting affixed to the exterior of permanent structures shall not be
296	directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any portion of the beach.
297	
298	(c) Lighting at egress points shall be limited to the minimum number of fixtures and foot-
299	candles necessary to meet federal, state, and local safety requirements.
300	
301	(d) Locations including but not limited to stairwells, elevators, parking garages, or
302	courtyards shall not produce light that is directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from
303	any portion of the beach. Window film, tinting, light screens, shades or curtains shall be
304	used to block visibility of interior lights from the beach. Light screens shall be used on
305	open or enclosed staircases on the seaward or shore-perpendicular side of a building or
306	for parking garages to limit visibility of lights from the nesting beach.
307	
308	(e) All glass windows, walls, railings and doors on the seaward and shore-perpendicular
309	sides of any new construction shall utilize glass with an inside to outside light
310	transmittance value of 15% or less.
311	
312	(f) Emergency lights shall be on a separate circuit and activated only during power
313	outages or other situations in which emergency lighting is necessary for public safety.
314	
315	(g) Prior to issuance of a development order and/or building permit for all new structures.
316	new construction and improvements to existing structures seaward of the Coastal
317	Construction Control Line as defined by §161.053, Florida Statute, a City of Marco
318	Island approved lighting plan meeting the provisions of this Article is required.
319	
320	(h) Prior to issuance of a development order and/or building permit for all multifamily,
321	commercial and industrial new structures, new construction and improvements to existing
322	structures landward of the Coastal Construction Control Line as defined by §161.053,
323	Florida Statute, a City of Marco Island approved lighting plan meeting the provisions of
324	this Article is required.
325	
326	(i) Prior to the issuance of a certificate of occupancy (CO) or a certificate of completion
327	(CC), the exterior lighting of new development shall be inspected after dark by the City
328	of Marco Island, with all exterior lighting turned on, to determine compliance with the

329	approved lighting plan and this Article.
330	
331	Sec. 54-146 Outdoor Areas
332	
333	(a) All lighting of outdoor areas shall be long wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff,
334	fully shielded and mounted as close to the ground or finished floor surface as possible to
335	achieve the required foot-candles.
336	
337	(b) All pathway lighting shall utilize low-level fixtures that do not exceed 42 inches in
338	height. Fixtures shall be downward directed and utilize long wavelength lamps and
339	beachside shields.
340	
341	(c) All non-egress outdoor lighting shall not be directly, indirectly, or cumulatively
342	visible from any portion of the beach.
343	
344	(d) Internally or externally lighted signs shall not be located on the seaward and shore-
345	perpendicular sides of any structures, and shall not produce light that is directly,
346	indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any portion of the beach.
347	
348	(e) Ponds and fountains on the seaward and shore-perpendicular sides of any structures
349	shall not produce light that is directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any
350	portion of the beach.
351	
352	(f) Televisions shall be located landward of the dune and shall be shielded or positioned
353	such that they are not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from the beach.
354	
355	(g) Handheld and other portable temporary lighting shall not be directed toward or used
356	in a manner that disturbs sea turtles or other coastal wildlife.
357	
358	Sec. 54-147 Parking Areas
359	
360	(a) All lighting of parking areas shall be long wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff,
361	fully shielded, and mounted to the minimum level required to maintain compliance with
362	federal, state and local law.
363	
364	(b) Parking area lighting shall be shielded from the beach via vegetation, natural features,
365	or artificial structures rising from the ground. These shall prevent artificial light sources,
366	including but not limited to vehicular headlights, from producing light that is directly,
367	indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any portion of the beach.
368	

369	(c) Lighting of parking areas shall produce no more lighting than the minimum
370	requirement as outlined by federal, state and local law.
371	
372	(d) Lighting of parking areas shall consist of either:
373	(1) Ground-level downward-directed fixtures, equipped with interior dark
374	non-reflective baffles or louvers, mounted either with a wall mount, on
375	walls or piles, facing away from the beach, or
376	
377	(2) Bollard-type fixtures, which do not extend more than 42 inches above
378	the adjacent floor or deck, measured from the bottom of fixture, equipped
379	with downward-directed louvers that completely hide the light source, and
380	externally shielded 180 degrees on the side facing the beach, or
381	
382	(3) Pole-mounted lights, if required, which shall:
383	
384	a. Only be used in parking areas when mounting the lights at lower
385	elevations cannot practicably comply with minimum light levels
386	set forth in applicable federal and state laws designed to protect
387	public safety.
388	
389	b. Located on the landward sides of buildings and shall not
390	produce light that is directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible
391	from any portion of the beach.
392	
393	c. Mounted at the minimum height necessary to meet the minimum
394	light level requirement.
395	
396	d. Downward-directed onto non-reflective surfaces.
397	
398	(4) Equipment yards, storage yards, and temporary security lights shall
399	also adhere to the lighting restrictions contained herein.
400	
401	Sec. 54-148 Pool Areas
402	
103	(a) Lighting of pool decks, pool facilities, swimming pools, and spas shall be long
404	wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff, fully shielded and mounted as close to the
405	ground or finished floor surface as possible to achieve the required foot-candles.
406	
407	(b) Lighting of the pool water surfaces, and the pool wet deck surfaces shall comply with
408	the minimum light levels set forth in applicable federal and state laws designed to protect

109	public safety.
410	
411	(c) Above-water lighting of pool decks, pool facilities, swimming pools, and spas shall
112	otherwise adhere to the applicable requirements for acceptable light fixtures set forth
413	<u>herein</u>
414	
415	(d) Underwater lighting of pools or spa light shall:
416	
117	(1) Be mounted horizontally in the wall,
418	
419	(2) Not produce light that is directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible
120	from any portion of the beach, and
421	
122	(3) Shall comply with minimum light levels set forth in applicable federal
123	and state laws designed to protect public safety.
124	
125	Sec. 54-149 Pier Structures
126	
127	(a) Lighting of pier structures projecting over the beach or over water shall be
128	long wavelength, downward directed, and fully shielded.
129	
430	(b) Lighting of pier structures projecting over the beach, or over water, shall be
431	mounted no higher than 42 inches above the deck surface. These shall be directed
432	onto the deck surface only, preventing light pollution or light spillage beyond the
133	walking surface.
134	
135	(c) Lighting of pier structures projecting over the beach or over water shall
436	comply with minimum light levels set forth in applicable federal and state laws
137	designed to protect public safety.
438	
139	Sec. 54-150 Dune Walkovers and Beach Access Points
440	
441	(a) Lighting of beach access points shall be restricted to that portion of the
142	structure landward of the dune. All lighting of beach access points shall be long
443	wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff and fully shielded and shall not be
144	directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from the beach.
445	and any interest of the second
146	(b) Lights are allowable on dune walkovers or elevated boardwalks only as
447	required for building code purposes and may only be installed landward of the
448	frontal dune. Walkover lighting shall not be directly, indirectly or cumulatively
140	nontal danc. Walkover righting shall not be directly, indirectly of cumulatively

449	visible from the beach.
450	
451	Sec. 54-151 Special Events, Vehicles, Raking, Temporary Lighting, and
452	Beach Furniture
453	
454	(a) All special events or construction taking place on or adjacent to the beach
455	require a permit from the City of Marco Island and may require a permit from the
456	Florida Department of Environmental Protection.
157	
458	(1) Lighting associated with a special event that may directly, indirectly,
459	or cumulatively be visible from any portion of the beach shall not be
460	authorized at nighttime during sea turtle nesting season.
461	
462	(2) Fires associated with a special event, including cooking fires, bonfires
463	and fire pits, if permitted by the City of Marco Island, shall be shielded
464	with an opaque structure or partition, and positioned such that the flame is
465	not directly, indirectly, or cumulatively visible from any portion of the
466	beach.
467	
468	(b) The operation of all vehicles, except emergency, law enforcement, code
169	enforcement, or community service officer vehicles or those permitted on the
470	beach for sea turtle conservation in accordance with Section 379.2431(1), Florida
471	Statutes, as may be amended, or other research and conservation, shall be
172	prohibited on the beach at nighttime during sea turtle nesting season.
473	
474	(c) Beach raking activities during sea turtle nesting season, if permitted by the
475	City of Marco Island, shall not:
476	
177	(1) Operate at nighttime.
478	
179	(2) Begin before 9:00 a.m. or before the completion of daily
480	monitoring for turtle nesting activity by the Florida Fish and Wildlife
481	Conservation Commission (FWC) authorized marine turtle permit holder,
482	whichever occurs first.
483	
484	(3) Occur within ten (10) feet of any marked sea turtle nest.
485	
186	(d) During sea turtle nesting season, temporary work zone lighting for roadway
487	construction and during declared emergencies shall be directed away from the
488	beach to avoid illumination of or direct visibility from the beach. Work zone
100	beach to avoid mammation of of direct visionity from the beach. Work zone

489	luminaires shall be shielded to avoid lighting areas outside of the immediate
490	construction area.
491	
492	(e) All other temporary construction lighting shall be:
493	
494	(1) Inclusive of all the standards herein, including utilizing fixtures that
495	are long wavelength, downward directed, full cutoff, and fully shielded so
496	light is not directly or indirectly visible from the beach; and
497	
498	(2) Turned off during nighttime in sea turtle nesting season, or if
499	temporary lighting is deemed necessary during sea turtle nesting season it
500	shall only be allowed from 6:00 am to 9:00 pm, must be restricted to the
501	minimal amount necessary, and shall incorporate all the standards herein;
502	<u>and</u>
503	
504	(3) Mounted less than eight feet above the adjacent floor or deck,
505	measured from the bottom of fixture, and
506	
507	(4) Restricted to the minimal number of foot-candles necessary to conform
508	to the applicable construction safety regulations.
509	
510	(f) Man-made objects shall not obstruct sea turtle nesting habitat during nesting
511	season during nighttime. All obstructions, including, but not limited to beach
512	furniture, cabanas, umbrellas, tents, personal watercraft, bikes, vehicles, and
513	boats, shall be removed from sea turtle nesting habitat between the hours of 9:00
514	p.m. and 9:00 a.m. during sea turtle nesting season.
515	
516	(g) During sea turtle nesting season, permitted beach furniture vendors shall not
517	place beach furniture onto sea turtle nesting habitat before 9:00 a.m., or prior to
518	the completion of daily monitoring for sea turtle nesting activity by the FWC
519	authorized marine turtle permit holder, whichever comes first.
520	
521	(h) No beach furniture or other man-made object shall be placed within ten (10)
522	feet of a marked sea turtle nest.
523	
524	Sec. 54-14754-152. Unlawful to kill, molest, or injure sea turtles.
525	
526	(a) It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation shall to kill, molest,
527	cause a disorientation or cause direct or indirect injury to any species of sea turtle
528	or sea turtle hatchlings, their nests, and/or eggs in the City of Marco Island or

within its jurisdictional waters. It shall be unlawful to take, collect or possess any part of a sea turtle or eggs.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any <u>person</u>, <u>firm</u>, <u>or corporation</u> to relocate or possess a sea turtle or eggs without first obtaining a permit from the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (FDEP). <u>A person</u>, <u>not take</u>, <u>disturb</u>, <u>mutilate</u>, <u>destroy</u>, <u>cause to be destroyed</u>, <u>transfer</u>, <u>sell</u>, <u>offer to sell</u>, <u>molest</u>, <u>or harass any sea turtle species or hatchling</u>, <u>or parts thereof</u>, <u>or the eggs or nest of any sea turtle species</u>.

(c) When a sea turtle nest is created, a permitted sea turtle monitor posts it on the beach with stakes, flagging tape and signage. It shall be unlawful to enter the posted nest area or impact the posted nest area in any manner. A minimum of a 25-foot perimeter with no activity within should be given to the posted nest area for protection.

(d) It shall be unlawful any <u>person</u>, <u>firm</u>, <u>or corporation</u> to conduct sustained flashlight use, mobile phone light use or electronic light use, to use flash photography or lantern or other source of light on the beach after 9 p.m. during sea turtle nesting season.

It shall be unlawful to construct any structure, add any fill, mechanically clean

Sec. 54-148153. Construction during nesting season.

any beach, or grade any soil material within 100 feet of the nesting zone of a beach where sea turtles nest or may nest during the nesting season. Construction activities shall not interfere with sea turtle nesting, shall preserve, or replace any native vegetation on the site, and shall maintain the natural existing beach profile and minimize interference with the natural beach dynamics and function. All rules, guidelines, best management practices required

Sec. 54-149154. - Violations.

Violation of the provisions of this article or failure to comply with any of its requirements shall constitute a misdemeanor. Any person or firm who violates this article or fails to comply with any of its requirements shall upon conviction thereof be fined, or imprisoned, or both, as provide by law. Each day such violation continues shall be considered a separate offense. Additionally, each sea turtle or eggs that are killed injured, or molested shall constitute a separate violation. Any other person, who commits, participates in, assists in, or maintains such violation may each be found guilty of a separate offense and suffer the penalties herein provided. The city, in addition to the criminal sanctions contained

herein, may take any other appropriate legal action, including, but not limited to, injunctive action, to enforce the provisions of this article.

Sec. 54-174. - Jurisdiction and enforcement.

(a) This article is enforceable by any duly authorized law enforcement officer, City of Marco Island code enforcement officer or designee, the Marco Island Police Department, the Division of Law Enforcement of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission and its officers, the Collier County Sheriff's Office, and any other state or federally authorized law enforcement agency, all of whom may order the removal of vessels deemed to be an interference or a hazard to public safety, enforce the provisions of this article, or cause any inspections to be made of all vessels in accordance with this article and the Florida Statutes.

(b)Such officers shall have the power and duty to issue such orders and to make such investigations, reports, and arrests in connection with the provisions of this article, or cause any inspections to be made of all vessels in accordance with this article and the Florida Statutes.

(c) Any official with jurisdiction is authorized and empowered to make inspections at reasonable hours of all activities regulated by this article in order to ensure compliance with the provisions of this article. Any person who violates any provision of this chapter, or of any regulation or guideline that implements this chapter, shall be ordered immediately to stop all work.

Sec. 54-175. - Penalties.

(a)Any person or persons, firm or corporation, or any agent thereof, who violates any of the provisions of any article of this chapter shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500.00, or imprisonment not exceeding 60 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day any violation of any provision of any article of this chapter shall continue shall constitute a separate offense.

(b)In addition to the penalties provided in paragraph (a) of this section, any condition caused or permitted to exist in violation of any of the provisions of this Code shall be deemed a public nuisance and may be abated by the city as provided by law, and each day that such condition continues shall be regarded as a new and separate offense.

(a) In addition to and as a supplement to any civil and criminal penalties provided by state and federal statutes, and the City's Code of Ordinances, the following shall apply:

609	
610	(1) Any person who is found to have violated any provision of this
611	article, shall be, upon conviction, subject to the following penalties:
612	
613	a. First offense—Minimum of \$150.00, not to exceed \$500.00
614	for each offense as provided for in F.S. § 162.22;
615	for each offense as provided for MT.S. § 102:225
616	b. Second offense—Minimum of \$500.00, not to exceed
	\$1,500.00, as provided for in F.S. § 162.09; and
617	\$1,500.00, as provided for in 1.5. § 102.03, and
618	
619	c. Third offense—Minimum of \$1,500.00, not to exceed
620	\$2,000.00, as provided for in F.S. § 162.09.
621	
622	(2) Each separate violation shall constitute a separate offense, and upon
623	conviction of a specified ordinance violation, each day of violation shall
624	constitute a separate violation.
625	
626	(3) In addition to the penalties provided herein, the city may recover
627	reasonable attorney's fees, court costs, court reporter's fees and other expenses of
628	litigation by appropriate suit at law against the person found to have violated this
629	division or the orders, rules, regulations and permits issued hereunder.
630	
631	Section 3. Codification.
632	Section 5. Countedion.
633	It is the intention of the City Council, and it is hereby ordained, that the amendments to
634	the City of Marco Island Code of Ordinances made by this Ordinance shall constitute
635	new provisions within the Code of Ordinances, and that the sections of this Ordinance
636	may be renumbered and re-lettered as necessary, and that the word "Ordinance" may be
637	changed to "Section", "Article" or other appropriate word.
638	
639	Section 4. Conflicts.
640	
641	All ordinances or parts of ordinances and all resolutions or parts of resolutions in conflict
642	with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby superseded and resolved to the extent of
643	any conflict in favor of the provisions of this Ordinance.
644 645	Section 5. Severability.
646	Section 5. Severability.
647	If any term, section, clause, sentence or phrase of this Ordinance is for any reason held to
648	be invalid, illegal, or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the holding
649	shall not affect the validity of the other or remaining terms, sections, clauses, sentences or
650	phrases portions of this Ordinance, and this Ordinance shall be read and applied as if the
651	invalid, illegal, or unenforceable term, provision, clause, sentence or section did not exist.

652	
653	Section 6. Effective Date.
654	
655	This Ordinance shall become effective upon its adoption.
656	
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661	ADOPTED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MARCO ISLAND this
662	day of, 2020.
663	
664	CITY OF MARCO ISLAND
665	
666	By: Erik Brechnitz, Chair
667	Erik Brechnitz, Chair
668	
669	
670	
671	Attest:
672	
673	By: Laura M. Litzan, City Clerk
674	Laura M. Litzan, City Clerk
675	
676	
677	Reviewed for legal sufficiency:
678	
679	By: Alan L. Gabriel, City Attorney
680	Alan L. Gabriel, City Attorney
681	